



IBS Center for Multidimensional Carbon Materials



Dr. Seung Hyun HONG

Research Fellow
Center for Advanced 2D Materials
National University of Singapore

c2dhs@nus.edu.sg

Molecular and Ionic Transport through Graphene based Membranes

Tuesday, Oct 4 | Bldg. 101
2 PM | Seminar room on the 1st floor

Severe strain on the fresh water supply – due to industrial development, population growth and shifting weather patterns – recently precipitated a strong research interest in new materials for water purification and desalination. Graphene-based membranes, exhibiting ultra-high water flux, have been recently attracting significant attention as molecular and ionic sieves. Particularly, nanostructured graphene-oxide (GO) membranes are enticing candidates for the next-generation, high-performance separation membranes. GO-based lamellar nanoporous membranes were recently revealed to have ultrahigh water permeability, while ionic and molecular permeability has a sharp size cutoff at hydration radii of $\sim 4.5 \text{ \AA}$. GO stack consists of percolative network of channels with narrow height distribution in sub-nanometer regime; it has been postulated that the size-exclusion mechanism is governing the membrane's filtration properties. Here, we demonstrate that the charge-selection is an important transport mechanism, which could be used to further enhance the membrane's properties. Using microscopic drift-diffusion experiments, we demonstrate the ultra-high charge selectivity for GO membranes, with more than order of magnitude difference in the permeabilities of cationic and anionic species of equivalent hydration radii. By measuring diffusion of a wide range of ions of different size and charge, we were able to clearly disentangle different physical mechanism contributing to the ionic sieving in GO membranes. We also identified size-selective cation exchange capacity from smaller interlayer spacing which is realized by covalently bonding the layered GO nanosheets with small-sized molecules. We believe that the charge-selectivity allows us to rationally design membranes with increased ionic rejection, and opens up the field of ion exchange and electrodialysis to the GO membranes.

You are cordially invited to attend!

Tuesday Colloquium